

NAAC DOCUMENTS

CRITERIA :2

METRIC HEAD : 2.3.1: Multiple mode approach to teaching-learning is adopted by teachers which includes experiential learning, participative learning, problem solving methodologies, brain storming, focused group discussion, online mode, etc. for enhancing student learning

DOCUMENTS NAME :

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RAMCHANDRA SANSKRITIK KRIDA MANDAL'S

C P COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

Jalna, Tq-Jalna Dist-Jalna

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Modes of teaching learning

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Multiple-mode approach to teaching-learning is a dynamic educational strategy that integrates various methods to enhance student learning. This approach recognizes that learners have diverse learning styles and preferences, and thus, employs a combination of experiential learning, participative learning, problem-solving methodologies, brainstorming, focused group discussions, and online modes to cater to these individual needs. By utilizing a variety of techniques, educators can create a more engaging and effective learning environment that promotes critical thinking, collaboration, and retention of information.

Experiential learning is a cornerstone of the multiple-mode approach, emphasizing hands-on experiences and real-world application of knowledge. Through activities such as experiments, field trips, simulations, and role-playing exercises, students actively engage with the material, allowing for deeper understanding and retention. Experiential learning encourages students to draw connections between theory and practice, fostering a more holistic understanding of the subject matter.

Participative learning involves the active involvement of students in the learning process through discussions, debates, group projects, and peer teaching. By encouraging students to express their opinions, ask questions, and collaborate with their peers, participative learning promotes critical thinking, communication skills, and teamwork. This approach fosters a supportive learning community where students learn from each other's perspectives and experiences.

Problem-solving methodologies are another integral component of the multiple-mode approach. By presenting students with real-world problems or challenging tasks, educators encourage them to apply their knowledge and analytical skills to develop solutions. Problem-solving activities can take various forms, such as case studies, puzzles, or group challenges, allowing students to develop their problem-solving abilities in a supportive and interactive environment.

Brainstorming is a creative technique used to generate ideas or solutions to a problem by encouraging free thinking and open discussion. In the classroom setting, brainstorming sessions can be used to explore new concepts, generate hypotheses, or brainstorm


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solutions to complex problems. By fostering a non-judgmental atmosphere where all ideas are welcome, educators can stimulate creativity and innovation among their students.

Focused group discussions provide a structured forum for students to explore specific topics or issues in depth. By dividing students into small groups and providing them with guiding questions or

prompts, educators facilitate meaningful dialogue and critical reflection. Focused group discussions encourage active participation, peer interaction, and deeper engagement with the subject matter.

Online modes of learning, including virtual classrooms, online forums, and multimedia resources, offer flexibility and accessibility for students to engage with course materials outside of the traditional classroom setting. Online platforms provide opportunities for self-directed learning, collaborative projects, and interactive multimedia presentations. By integrating online components into their teaching practices, educators can enhance student engagement, facilitate communication, and provide access to a wide range of learning resources.

In conclusion, the multiple-mode approach to teaching-learning is a versatile educational strategy that incorporates a variety of methods to enhance student learning. By combining experiential learning, participative learning, problem-solving methodologies, brainstorming, focused group discussions, and online modes, educators can create a dynamic and engaging learning environment that caters to the diverse needs and preferences of their students. Through active participation, collaboration, and real-world application of knowledge, students develop critical thinking skills, communication abilities, and a deeper understanding of the subject matter.


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